

ABN: 69 107 385 884

# **ANNUAL REPORT** for the year ended 30 June 2019



# **CONTENTS**

CORPORATE INFORMATION	1
DIRECTORS' REPORT	2
AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION	10
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIV	E INCOME. 11
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	12
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	13
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	14
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	15
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION	32
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	33
ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	36

This Annual Report covers Eneabba Gas Limited ("Eneabba" or the "Company") as a Group consisting of Eneabba Gas Limited and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as the "Group". The financial report is presented in Australian currency.

Eneabba Gas Limited is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Its registered office and principal place of business is:

Eneabba Gas Limited 24 Outram Street West Perth WA 6005

The Company has the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

#### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

**Directors:** 

Barnaby Egerton-Warburton Managing Director

Gabriel Chiappini
Non-Executive Director

David Wheeler Non-Executive Director

**Company Secretary:** 

Gabriel Chiappini

Auditors:

HLB Mann Judd Level 4, 130 Stirling Street PERTH WA 6000

Bankers:

Westpac Banking Corporation 109 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

Solicitors:

Blackwall Legal LLP Level 26 140 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000 Registered & Principal Office:

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**Postal Address:** 

P.O. Box 902

WEST PERTH WA 6872

**Home Securities Exchange:** 

Australian Securities Exchange Limited Level 40, Central Park 152-158 St Georges Terrace PERTH WA 6000

ASX Code:

**ENB** (Ordinary Shares)

**Share Registry:** 

Security Transfers Registrars Pty Ltd 770 Canning Highway APPLECROSS WA 6153 Telephone: 1300 992 916

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Your Directors present their report together with the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries it controlled during the period, for the year ended 30 June 2019. In order to comply with the provisions of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the Directors report as follows:

#### **DIRECTORS**

The names and details of Directors in office at any time during or since the end of the year and until the date of this report are as follows. Directors were in office for this entire period unless otherwise stated:

#### Barnaby Egerton-Warburton, B. Ec. GAICD - Managing Director

#### **EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE**

Mr Egerton-Warburton holds a Bachelor of Economics and is a graduate of the Australian Institute of Company Directors and a member of the American Association of Petroleum Geologists. Mr Egerton-Warburton has over 25 years of investment banking, international investment and market experience. He has spent the last six years directly involved in the energy sector with a focus on the United States and Middle East. Prior to this he has held positions with investment banks in Perth, Sydney, New York and Hong Kong, including JP Morgan, BNP Equities (New York) and Prudential Securities (New York).

# OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Non-Executive Director – Isignthis Limited Non-Executive Director – Invictus Energy Limited Non-Executive Chairman– Hawkstone Mining Limited

#### OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD IN LISTED COMPANIES IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Non-Executive Director – Global Geoscience Limited Non-Executive Director – Black Rock Mining Limited

# Gabriel Chiappini - B. Bus, CA ANZ, GAICD Non-Executive Director

# **EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE**

Mr Chiappini is a Chartered Accountant with over 20 years' experience as a finance and governance professional and member of Australian Institute of Company Directors. For the past 13 years, Mr Chiappini has been managing a private consulting firm (Laurus Corporate Services) offering Non-Executive Director and Company Secretarial Services to a variety of ASX listed companies. Mr Chiappini has extensive experience providing advice and services on equity raisings and divestment and acquisition strategies and is an experienced company director.

#### OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Non-Executive Director – Invictus Energy Limited Non-Executive Director – Black Rock Mining Limited

# OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD IN LISTED COMPANIES IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Non-Executive Director – Global Geoscience Limited Non-Executive Director – Fastbrick Robotics Limited Non-Executive Director – Scotgold Resources Limited

# <u>David Wheeler - BA (Bus), SDIA, Non-Executive Director</u>

#### **EXPERIENCE AND EXPERTISE**

Mr Wheeler has more than 30 years executive management experience, through general management, CEO and Managing Director roles across a range of companies and industries. He has worked on business projects in the USA, UK, Europe, New Zealand, China, Malaysia, and the Middle East (Iran). David has been a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Company Directors (FAICD) since 1990.

#### OTHER CURRENT DIRECTORSHIPS OF LISTED COMPANIES

Non-Executive Director – Drake Resources Limited Non-Executive Director – Antilles Oil & Gas Limited Non-Executive Director – Protean Energy Limited Non-Executive Director – Thred Limited Non-Executive Director – Ultracharge Limited

#### OTHER DIRECTORSHIPS HELD IN LISTED COMPANIES IN THE LAST THREE YEARS

Non-Executive Director – Premiere Eastern Energy Ltd

#### **Company Secretary**

Mr Gabriel Chiappini B. Bus, CA ANZ, GAICD

Refer to page 2 for an overview of Mr Chiappini's experience and expertise.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

Eneabba Gas Limited entered voluntary suspension from trading on the Australian Stock Exchange on the 10 December 2018. Since this point in time the company has been performing due diligence on various opportunities in the resources sector.

#### **RESULTS**

The net consolidated loss after tax attributable to members of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2019 amounted to \$151,711 (2018: \$1,348,140 loss).

#### **DIVIDENDS**

There were no dividends paid or declared during the year.

#### **OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW**

On 15 March 2018 the company announced an agreement to acquire two Lithium exploration assets in the San Luis region of Argentina (the "Domingo transaction). Subsequent to this on 21 March 2019, the company terminated the Domingo acquisition agreement due to consistent delays in the granting of the Argentinian exploration permits.

On 24 September 2018, the Company announced that it had completed the sale of land disposing of its Dongara Freehold land in the Shire of Irwin. The sale price for the property was \$425,000. Net proceeds to Eneabba were subject to an 18% fee payable to the lessee Giovi Group for early termination of their lease covering the property. Allowing for estate agent fees, Giovi Group lease termination and settlement agent fees, Eneabba received approximately \$325,000.

# Termination of the Domingo transaction, San Luis Argentina

On 21 March 2019 the Company announced the termination of the binding heads of agreement (Heads of Agreement) to acquire all the securities in Domingo Lithium Pty Ltd (Domingo) (Proposed Acquisition), the holder of applications for exploration permits in Argentina and Australia.

Due to Domingo experiencing delays in securing tenure of the Argentina tenements, a key condition for completion of the transactions underlying the Proposed Acquisition the Eneabba directors formed the view that, given the continuing uncertainty around the Proposed Acquisition, it was no longer in shareholders' interests to continue to pursue the Argentina-focused lithium exploration strategy, exercised Eneabba's right to terminate the Heads of Agreement with immediate effect for failure to satisfy conditions precedent within the specified timeframe.

#### Capital raising

On 22 March 2019 the Company announced a capital raising by way of a fully-underwritten, non-renounceable prorata entitlement offer at an issue price of \$0.003 per new share on the basis of one (1) new shares for every two (2) existing shares held (Offer).

Under the Offer, approximately 262 million new shares were to be issued to raise up to approximately \$785,000 (before costs). The funds raised were to be used to fund the Company's general working capital requirements and due diligence activities in respect of potential acquisitions.

On 29 April 2019 the Company announced that a total of \$162,956 had been raised pursuant to the 1 for 2 non-renounceable offer announced 22 March 2019. Total new shares applied for was 54,318,597 representing a take-up of 21%.

#### **Corporate Activities**

The Company's cash balance at 30 June 2019 was \$234,744 (2018: \$174,222).

#### **Financial Position**

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has generated a comprehensive loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2019 of \$151,711 (2018: \$1,348,140 loss), had a net working capital surplus of \$207,357 at 30 June 2019 (2018: \$219,388) and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities for the year of \$404,081 (2018: \$702,646).

During the financial year the Company completed the sale of land contract to dispose of its Dongara Freehold land in the Shire of Irwin and received net proceeds for \$325,000.

Accordingly, the Directors believe that there are sufficient funds to meet the Group's working capital requirements.

The Directors consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate based on forecast cash flows and have confidence in the Company's ability to raise additional funds if required.

#### SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN THE STATE OF AFFAIRS

On 21 March 2019 the Company announced the termination of the binding heads of agreement (Heads of Agreement) to acquire all the securities in Domingo Lithium Pty Ltd (Domingo) (Proposed Acquisition), the holder of applications for exploration permits in Argentina and Australia.

#### SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE DATE

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period up to the date of this directors report which have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, results or state of affairs of the group in future financial periods which have not been disclosed publicly at the date of this report.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION**

The Directors believe that the Group has, in all material respects, complied with all particular and significant environmental regulations relevant to its operations.

The Group's operations are subject to various environmental regulations under the Federal and State Laws of Australia. Approvals, licences and hearings and other regulatory requirements are performed as required by the management of Eneabba for each permit or lease in which the Group has an interest.

# INDEMNIFICATION AND INSURANCE OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

During the financial year, the Company has paid a premium of \$20,150 excluding GST (2018: \$11,970) to insure the Directors and secretary of the Company.

The liabilities insured are legal costs that may be incurred in defending civil or criminal proceedings that may be brought against the officers in their capacity as officers of the Company, and any other payments arising from liabilities incurred by the officers in connection with such proceedings. This does not include such liabilities that arise from conduct involving a wilful breach of duty by the officers or the improper use by the officers of their position or of information to gain advantage for themselves or someone else or to cause detriment to the Company.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The corporate governance statement is available on the Company's website.

#### DIRECTORS INTERESTS IN THE SHARES AND OPTIONS OF THE COMPANY

As at the date of this report, the interests of the Directors in ordinary shares and options of the Company were:

Shares			Optio	ons
Director	Held Directly	Held Indirectly	Held Directly	Held Indirectly
Barnaby Egerton-Warburton	-	19,866,228	-	10,000,000
Gabriel Chiappini	455,963	-	5,000,000	
David Wheeler	-	20,493,422	-	2,000,000
TOTAL	455,963	40,359,650	5,000,000	12,000,000

#### **MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS**

During the financial year, 4 meetings (including circular resolutions) of Directors, were held with the following attendances:

Directors	Meetings Attended	Meetings Eligible to Attend
Barnaby Egerton-Warburton	4	4
Gabriel Chiappini	4	4
David Wheeler	4	4

# **REMUNERATION REPORT (AUDITED)**

This report outlines the remuneration arrangements in place for Directors and key management personnel of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2019. The information contained in this report has been audited as required by section 308(3C) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

The information provided includes remuneration disclosures that are required under Accounting Standard AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures". These disclosures have been transferred from the financial report.

This remuneration report details the remuneration arrangements for key management personnel ("KMP") who are defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the major activities of the Company and the Group, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of the parent company, and includes those executives in the Parent and the Group receiving the highest remuneration.

#### Key Management Personnel

Directors:

Mr Barnaby Egerton-Warburton (Managing Director)

Mr Gabriel Chiappini (Non-Executive Director and Company Secretary)

Mr David Wheeler (Non-Executive Director)

# Remuneration Policy

The Group's performance relies heavily on the quality of its Key Management Personnel ("KMP"). The Group has therefore designed a remuneration policy to align director and executive reward with business objectives and shareholder value.

Executive reward is linked to shareholder value by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering specific long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Group's financial results. The Board believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain high calibre management personnel and Directors to run and manage the Group.

# Remuneration Structure

In accordance with best practice corporate governance, the structure of Non-Executive Director and Executive remuneration is separate and distinct.

#### Non-Executive Director Remuneration

The Board policy is to remunerate Non-Executive Directors at market rates for comparable companies for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the Non-Executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability.

The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to Non-Executive Directors was subject to approval by shareholders at an Annual General Meeting and is currently set at \$350,000.

Fees for Non-Executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. However, to align Directors' interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Company and are able to participate in employee incentive option plans that may exist from time to time.

#### **Executive Remuneration**

Executive Remuneration consists of fixed remuneration and variable remuneration (comprising short-term and long-term incentive schemes).

#### Fixed Remuneration

The Board reviews KMP packages annually by reference to the Group's performance, Executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors and other listed companies in similar industries.

The fixed remuneration of the Group's KMP is detailed in the table below.

#### Variable Remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruency between shareholders and directors and key management personnel. Currently, this is facilitated through the issue of options to key management personnel to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Group believes this policy could be effective in increasing shareholder wealth.

Principles used to determine the nature and amount of variable remuneration: relationship between remuneration and company performance

The overall level of Executive reward takes into account the performance of the Group over a number of years, with greater emphasis given to the current and prior year. The main performance criteria used in determining the Executive reward remuneration is increasing shareholder value through aligning the Group with high quality exploration assets. Due to the nature of the Group's principal activities the Directors assess the performance of the Group with regard to the price of the Company's ordinary shares listed on the ASX, and the market capitalisation of the Company.

Directors and Executives are issued options to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. Options issued to Directors may be subject to market based price hurdles and vesting conditions and the exercise price of options is set at a level that encourages the Directors to focus on share price appreciation. The Group believes this policy will be effective in increasing shareholder wealth. KMP are also entitled to participate in the employee share and option arrangements.

On the resignation of Directors any vested options issued as remuneration are retained by the relevant party.

The Board may exercise discretion in relation to approving incentives such as options. The policy is designed to reward KMP for performance that results in long-term growth in shareholder value.

The Group does not currently have a policy pertaining to Directors hedging their exposure to risks associated with the Group's securities they receive as compensation.

During the year the Board completed an informal self-performance evaluation at a Director and Board level.

#### Use of remuneration consultants

The Company did not use the services of remuneration consultants for designing the remuneration policies for Directors or key management personnel.

#### Service Contracts

Upon appointment to the Board, all Non-Executive Directors enter into a service agreement with the Group in the form of a letter of appointment. The letter summarises the policies and terms, including compensation, relevant to the office of Director.

The key terms of the Non-Executive Director service agreements are as follows:

- Term of agreement ongoing subject to annual review.
- Directors' Fees of \$3,333 per month.
- There is no notice period stipulated to terminate the contract by either party.

The material terms of the remuneration package with the Managing Director, Mr Egerton-Warburton, include:

- Fixed term and subject to annual review.
- Fixed Remuneration \$36,530 per annum plus statutory superannuation.
- Termination Provisions The Executive may terminate the agreement without cause by giving up to 3 months written notice. The Company may terminate the agreement without cause by giving up to 3 months written notice.

Subject to working capital, the directors may elect to accrue their director fees.

Remuneration of Directors and Executives

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the KMP (as defined in AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures*) of Eneabba Gas Limited are set out in the following tables.

2019	Short Term	ı Benefits		Post- Employment Benefits	Share Based Payments		
Key Management Personnel	Salary, Fees & Consulting \$	Non- Monetary \$	Allowances	Super- annuation \$	Options \$	Total \$	% of remuneration performance related
Barnaby Egerton- Warburton	36,500	-	-	3,470	-	39,970	0%
Gabriel Chiappini	39,996	-	-	-	-	39,996	0%
David Wheeler	40,000	-	-	-	-	40,000	0%
Total	116,496	-	-	3,470	-	119,966	0%

2018	Short Term	Benefits		Post- Employment Benefits	Share Based Payments		
Key Management Personnel	Salary, Fees & Consulting \$	Non- Monetary \$	Allowances	Super- annuation \$	Options \$	Total \$	% of remuneration performance related
Barnaby Egerton- Warburton	100,950	-	-	8,550	46,883	156,383	0%
Gabriel Chiappini	36,997	-	-	-	23,442	60,439	0%
Justin Barton <sup>1</sup>	9,000	-	-	-	23,442	32,442	0%
David Wheeler <sup>2</sup>	32,235	-	-	-	9,377	41,612	0%
Total	179,182	ı	-	8,550	103,144	290,876	0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Mr Barton resigned as a Director on 10 October 2017

# Share holdings of key management personnel

The movement in the number of ordinary shares of Eneabba Gas Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each Director, including their personally related entities at balance date and as at the date of this report is as follows:

# <u> 2019</u>

Directors	Held at 1 July 2018	Movement during year	Options Exercised	Held at 30 June 2019
Barnaby Egerton- Warburton	13,244,152	6,622,076	-	19,866,228
Gabriel Chiappini	303,975	151,988	-	455,963
David Wheeler	13,662,281	6,831,141	-	20,493,422
Total	27,210,408	13,605,205	-	40,815,613

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mr Wheeler was appointed as a Director on 10 October 2017

# Option holdings of key management personnel

The number of options over ordinary shares in Eneabba Gas Limited held, directly, indirectly or beneficially, by each specified Director and specified executive, including their personally related entities as at balance date is as follows:

# <u> 2019</u>

Directors	Held at 1 July 2018	Issued during the year	Exercised during the year	Expired during the year	Held at 30 June 2019 or at date of resignation	Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2019
Barnaby Egerton-	20.000.000	_	_	(10,000,000)	10,000,000	10.000.000
Warburton	20,000,000	_	_	(10,000,000)	10,000,000	10,000,000
Gabriel	5,000,000	_	-	-	5,000,000	5,000,000
Chiappini David Wheeler	2,000,000	_	_	-	2,000,000	2,000,000
Total	27.000.000	_	_	(10.000.000)	17.000.000	17.000.000

# Options granted during the year to key management personnel

There were no options granted to key management personnel during the year (2018: 22,000,000).

# Options lapsed during the year to key management personnel

There were 10,000,000 options that lapsed during the year. These options were granted to Barnaby Egerton- Warbuton on 10 November 2015 with fair value of \$55,959 (2018: nil)

#### Other related party transactions

Transactions with other related parties are made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. Outstanding balances are unsecured and are repayable in cash.

Laurus Corporate Services, a company of which Mr Gabriel Chiappini is a Director, provided company secretarial services during the year. A mandate between Eneabba Gas Limited and Laurus Corporate Services was agreed for a fee for \$2,000, plus GST, per month, commencing on 22 September 2016.

A summary of the total fees paid and payable to related parties for the year ended 30 June 2019 is as follows:

	Consolidated		
	2019		
	\$	\$	
Company Secretarial services	24,000	20,200	
Accounting and Bookkeeping services	-	29,500	
Total	24,000	49,700	

A summary of amounts payable to related parties at 30 June 2019 is as follows:

	Consolidated		
	2019	2018	
	\$	\$	
Pathways Corporate Pty Ltd <sup>1</sup>	3,333	3,333	
Laurus Corporate Service Pty Ltd <sup>2</sup>	5,333	5,333	

Barnaby Egerton- Warburton	3,333	28,064
Total	11,999	36,730

Note 1: David Wheeler is a shareholder and Director of Pathways Corporate Pty Ltd Note 2: Gabriel Chiappini is a shareholder and Director of Laurus Corporate Services Pty Ltd

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*END OF REMUNERATION REPORT\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

#### LIKELY DEVELOPMENTS

Other than as disclosed elsewhere in this report, there are no likely developments in the operations of the Group that were not finalised at the date of this report. Further information as to likely developments in the operations of the Group and Company and likely results of those operations would in the opinion of the Directors, be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Group.

#### **AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

The auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* for the year ended 30 June 2019 has been received and can be found on page 10.

#### **AUDITOR**

HLB Mann Judd continues in office in accordance with section 327 of the Corporation Act 2001.

#### PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE GROUP

No person has applied to the Court to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or any part of those proceedings.

The Company was not a party to any such proceedings during the year.

#### **EQUITY INSTRUMENTS ON ISSUE**

# **Ordinary Shares**

As at the date of this report, there were 578,450,784 listed ordinary shares on issue.

#### **Options**

As at the date of this report, the following unlisted options were on issue:

Number	Exercise price	Expiry	Vesting conditions	Exercisable
42,000,000	\$0.013	18 Dec 2020	On issue	Yes

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors made pursuant to Section 298(2) of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

**BEW** 

Barnaby Egerton-Warburton Managing Director 17 September 2019



# **AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION**

As lead auditor for the audit of the consolidated financial report of Eneabba Gas Limited for the year ended 30 June 2019, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Perth, Western Australia 17 September 2019 D I Buckle Partner

# hlb.com.au

HLB Mann Judd (WA Partnership) ABN 22 193 232 714

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HLB Mann Judd (WA Partnership) is a member of HLB International, the global advisory and accounting network.

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** For the year ended 30 June 2019

	Note	Consolidated 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
Revenue			
Finance income	4	1,223	3,655
Other income	4	175,359	-
Total revenue	-	176,582	3,655
Employee benefits expenses		(119,221)	(190,809)
Other expenses		(231,737)	(520,334)
Share based payments	16	-	(182,762)
Transaction costs		-	(465,801)
Total costs from continuing operations	-	(350,958)	(1,359,706)
	-	• • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Loss before income tax expense	-	(174,376)	(1,356,051)
Income tax benefit	7	-	-
Loss for the year from continuing operations	-	(174,376)	(1,356,051)
Discontinued Operations			
Profit after tax from discontinued operation	21	22,665	7,911
Gain after tax from discontinued operations		22,665	7,911
Cam anor tax from diodonandou oporationo	-	22,000	7,011
Net loss for the year	-	(151,711)	(1,348,140)
Other Comprehensive Income		_	-
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	-	(151,711)	(1,348,140)
,	-	(101,111)	(1,010,110)
Basic and diluted Profit (Loss) per share from continuing operations – cents per share	6	(0.03)	(0.27)
Basic and diluted Profit (Loss) per share from discontinuing operations - cents per share	6	0.00	0.00

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2019

		Company 30 June 2019	Consolidated 30 June 2018
	Note	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	8	234,744	174,222
Trade and other receivables	9	8,162	18,046
Prepayments	40	8,396	5,032
Assets held for sale	10 _	-	320,000
Total current assets	_	251,302	517,300
TOTAL ASSETS	_	251,302	517,300
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	12	43,945	297,912
Total current liabilities	_	43,945	297,912
	_	·	·
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	43,945	297,912
NET ASSETS	_	207,357	219,388
EQUITY			
Issued capital	13	12,248,440	12,108,760
Reserves	13	196,910	327,535
Accumulated losses	_	(12,237,993)	(12,216,907)
TOTAL EQUITY	_	207,357	219,388

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 30 June 2019

	Note	Issued Capital	Option Reserve	Accumulated Losses	Total Equity
Consolidated 2018					
Total equity at the beginning of the year		11,886,845	144,773	(10,868,767)	1,162,851
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,348,140)	(1,348,140)
Transactions with equity holders:					
Share-based payments	16	225,000	196,910	-	421,910
Share issue costs	13	(3,085)	-	-	(3,085)
Reversal of options unlikely to vest	13	-	(14,148)	-	(14,148)
Total equity at 30 June 2018		12,108,760	327,535	(12,216,907)	219,388
Consolidated 2019					
Total equity at the beginning of the year		12,108,760	327,535	(12,216,907)	219,388
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(151,711)	(151,711)
Transactions with equity holders:					
Share-based payments	16	-	-	-	-
Shares issued	13	162,956	-	-	162,956
Share issue costs	13	(23,276)	-	-	(23,276)
Expired options	13	-	(130,625)	130,625	-
Total equity at 30 June 2019	- -	12,248,440	196,910	(12,237,993)	207,357

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the year ended 30 June 2019

		Consolidated 2019	Consolidated 2018
	Note	\$	\$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		1,223	3,655
Other income		7,984	7,911
Payments to suppliers and employees		(384,031)	(473,411)
Project due diligence	_	(29,257)	(240,801)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	14 _	(404,081)	(702,646)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of land		425,000	-
Costs to sell land	_	(100,077)	
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	324,923	
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from share issue		162,956	-
Capital raising costs		(23,276)	(3,084)
Net cash (used in)/ provided by financing activities	_	139,680	(3,084)
Net (decrease)/ increase in cash and cash equivalents		60,522	(705,730)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		174,222	879,952
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	234,744	174,222

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **NOTE 1: REPORTING ENTITY**

Eneabba Gas Limited (the "Company") is a listed public company domiciled in Australia. The consolidated financial report of the Company as at and for the year to 30 June 2019 comprises the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group").

A description of the nature of the Group's operations and its principal activities is included in the Operating and Financial Review in the Directors' report, which does not form part of this financial report.

#### **NOTE 2: BASIS OF PREPARATION**

This General Purpose Financial Report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (including Australian Interpretations) and the *Corporations Act* 2001.

The financial report comprise the consolidated financial statements of the Group. For the purposes of preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Company is a for-profit entity.

The financial report complies with Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures that the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Standards (IFRS).

Eneabba Gas Limited was incorporated in Australia on 12 December 2003 and is a company limited by shares. The financial report is presented in the functional currency of the Group, being Australian Dollars.

This Financial Report was approved by the Board of Directors on 17 September 2019.

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of current assets held for sale which are measured at fair value less costs to sell.

The significant policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are detailed below. These accounting policies have been consistently applied to all of the years presented unless otherwise stated.

# **Financial Position**

The financial report has been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has generated a loss after tax for the year ended 30 June 2019 of \$151,711, had a net working capital surplus of \$207,357 at 30 June 2019 and experienced net cash outflows from operating activities for the year of \$404,080.

As at 30 June 2019, the cash balance of the Company was \$234,744. The Directors consider the going concern basis of preparation to be appropriate for the following reasons:

- Confidence in the Group's ability to raise additional funds if required.
- The Group has the ability to meet is current cash outflows.

Should the group not raise additional funds, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt as to whether the Company will be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business.

#### **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

# (a) Principles of Consolidation

# **Subsidiaries**

The consolidated financial statements comprise the assets and liabilities of Eneabba Gas at 30 June 2019 and the results of the subsidiaries up to the date they were deregistered being 30 May 2019. A subsidiary is any entity controlled by Eneabba Gas Limited.

Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether the Company controls another entity.

# **NOTE 3: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)**

# (a) Principles of Consolidation (continued)

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting year end as the Parent Company, using consistent accounting policies. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist

All inter-company balances and transactions, including unrealised profits arising from intra-entity transactions, have been eliminated in full. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless costs cannot be recovered. Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost in the individual financial statements of Eneabba Gas Limited.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is obtained by the Group and cease to be consolidated from the date on which control is transferred out of the Group. Where there is a loss of control of a subsidiary, the consolidated financial statements include the results for the part of the reporting year in which Eneabba Gas Limited has control.

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. The acquisition method of accounting involves recognising at acquisition date, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree. The identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are measured at their acquisition date fair values.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary that does not result in a loss of control is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Non-controlling interests are allocated their share of net profit after tax in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and are presented within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the equity of the owners of the Company.

Losses are attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognises the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary.
- Derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest.
- Derecognises the cumulative translation differences, recorded in equity.
- Recognises the fair value of the consideration received.
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained.
- · Recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss.
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to profit
  or loss.

# (b) Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of an entity that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses (including revenues and expenses relating to transactions with other components of the same entity), whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the entity's chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance and for which discrete financial information is available. This includes start-up operations which are yet to earn revenues. Management will also consider other factors in determining operating segments such as the existence of a line manager and the level of segment information presented to the Board of Directors.

Operating segments have been identified based on the information provided to the chief operating decision makers – being the Board of Directors.

The group aggregates two or more operating segments when they have similar economic characteristics, and the segments are similar in the nature of the minerals targeted.

Operating segments that meet the quantitative criteria as prescribed by AASB 8 are reported separately. However, an operating segment that does not meet the quantitative criteria is still reported separately where information about the segment would be useful to users of the financial statements.

Information about other business activities and operating segments that are below the quantitative criteria are combined and disclosed in a separate category for "all other segments" (refer to Note 19).

# (c) Income Tax

The income tax expense or benefit for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the notional income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. Exceptions are also made for the recognition of goodwill, investment in associates and interests in joint ventures. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in controlled entities where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in equity are also recognised directly in equity.

#### (d) Goods and Services Tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of goods and services tax ("GST"), except where the GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authorities, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of an item of the expense item as applicable and receivables and payables in the statement of financial position are shown inclusive of GST.

The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows are included the statement of cash flows on a gross basis and the GST component of cash flows arising from investing and financing activities, which is recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority are classified as operating cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

# (e) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to another party with no intention of selling the receivables. They are included in current assets, except for those with maturities greater than 12 months after the balance date which are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

# (f) Business Combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. Cost is measured as the fair value of the assets given, securities issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Where equity instruments are issued in an acquisition, the fair value of the instruments is their published market price as at the date of exchange unless, in rare circumstances, it can be demonstrated that the published price at the date of exchange is an unreliable indicator of fair value and that other evidence and valuation methods provide a more reliable measure of fair value. Transaction costs arising on the issue of equity instruments are recognised directly in equity.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any minority interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the subsidiary

acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, but only after a reassessment of the identification and measurement of the net assets acquired.

# (g) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

Where an indicator of impairment exists, the Group makes a formal estimate of the recoverable amount. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount the asset or cash generating unit is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets or groups of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit"). Subject to an operating segment ceiling test, for the purposes of goodwill impairment testing, CGUs to which goodwill has been allocated are aggregated so that the level at which impairment is tested reflects the lowest level at which goodwill is monitored for internal reporting purposes. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the synergies of combination.

# (h) Share-Based Payments

The Group has provided payment to service providers and related parties in the form of share-based compensation, whereby services are rendered in exchange for shares or rights over shares ('equity-settled transactions'). The cost of these equity-settled transactions is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined using an appropriate option valuation model for services provided by employees or where the fair value of the shares received cannot be reliably estimated.

For goods and services received where the fair value can be determined reliably the goods and services and the corresponding increase in equity are measured at that fair value.

The fair value of the options granted is adjusted to reflect market vesting conditions, but excludes the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to become exercisable. At each balance date, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected become exercisable.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant parties become fully entitled to the award ('vesting date').

The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until vesting date reflects (i) the extent to which the vesting period has expired and (ii) the number of awards that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Group, will ultimately vest. This opinion is formed based on the best available information at balance date. No adjustment is made for the likelihood of market performance conditions being met as the effect of these conditions is included in the determination of fair value at grant date.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, as a minimum an expense is recognised as if the terms had not been modified. In addition, an expense is recognised for any increase in the value of the transaction as a result of the modification, as measured at the date of modification.

# (i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and in hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (j) Current assets held for sale

Current assets and assets of disposal groups are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continued use. They are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs of disposal. For non-current assets or assets of disposal groups to be classified as held for sale, they must be available for immediate sale in their present condition and their sale must be highly probable.

An impairment loss is recognised for any initial or subsequent write down of the non-current assets and assets of disposal groups to fair value less costs of disposal. A gain is recognised for any subsequent increases in fair value less costs of disposal of a non-current assets and assets of disposal groups, but not in excess of any cumulative impairment loss previously recognised.

Non-current assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale. Interest and other expenses attributable to the liabilities of assets held for sale continue to be recognised.

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and the assets of disposal groups classified as held for sale are presented separately on the face of the statement of financial position, in current assets. The liabilities of disposal groups classified as held for sale are presented separately on the face of the statement of financial position, in current liabilities.

#### (k) Finance income and expense

Finance income comprises interest income on funds invested, gains on disposal of financial assets and changes in fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss. Finance expenses comprise changes in the fair value of financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss and impairment losses on financial assets.

Interest income is recognised as it accrues in profit or loss, using the effective interest rate method.

# (I) Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Issued and paid up capital is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received by the Company. Any transaction costs arising on the issue of ordinary shares are recognised directly in equity as a reduction of the share proceeds received.

#### (m) Earnings per Share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

# (n) Trade and other Payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

Trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

# (o) Foreign Currency Translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Both the functional and presentation currency of Eneabba Gas Limited is the Australian Dollar (\$).

(ii) Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the functional currency by applying the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance date

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate as at the date of the initial transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined.

# (p) Profit and loss from discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of the entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and:

- represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations
- is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations; or
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to re-sale

Profit or loss from discontinued operations, including prior year components of profit or loss, are presented in a single amount in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. This amount, which comprises the post-tax profit or loss of discontinued operations and the post-tax gain or loss resulting from the measurement and disposal of assets classified as held for sale, is further analysed in Note 21.

The disclosures for discontinued operations in the prior year relate to all operations that have been discontinued by the reporting date for the latest period presented.

# (q) Significant Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

#### Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The Directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

The carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities are often determined based on estimates and assumptions of future events. The key estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of certain assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting year end are:

# (i) Recoverability of potential deferred tax assets

The Group recognises deferred income tax assets in respect of tax losses to the extent that it is probable that the future utilisation of these losses is considered probable. Assessing the future utilisation of these losses requires the Group to make significant estimates related to expectations of future taxable income. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecast cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws. To the extent that future cash flows and taxable income differ significantly from estimates, this could result in significant changes to the deferred income tax assets recognised, which would in turn impact the financial results.

# (ii) Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with management and other parties by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by the Board of Directors using either the Binomial or the Black-Scholes valuation methods, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the equity instruments were granted. The assumptions in relation to the valuation of the equity instruments are detailed in the notes in periods when such equity instruments are issued. The accounting estimates and assumptions relating to equity-settled share-based payments would have no impact on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next annual reporting year end but may impact expenses and equity.

#### (iii) Fair value less costs to sell of current assets held for sale

The Group measures non-current assets held for sale at fair value less costs to sell (refer to Note 10). The fair value is determined by the Board of Directors using independent valuation and sales information provided to the Company.

# (r) Comparative Information

When required by Accounting Standards, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation for the current financial year.

# (s) Parent Entity Information

The financial statements for the parent entity, Eneabba Gas Limited, disclosed in Note 20 have been prepared on the same basis as the consolidated financial statements.

# (t) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

In the year ended 30 June 2019, the Directors have reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to its operations and effective for the current annual reporting year, most notably AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* and AASB 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. It has been determined by the Directors that there is no impact, material or otherwise, of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations on the Group's business and, therefore, no change is necessary to Group accounting policies.

#### (u) New Accounting Standards for Application in Future Years

The Directors have also reviewed all new Standards and Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective for the year ended 30 June 2019. As a result of this review the Directors have determined that there is no impact, material or otherwise, of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations on the Group's business and, therefore, no change necessary to Group accounting policies.

The Directors have reviewed AASB 16 Leases and based on the preliminary review, do not expect the application of these standards to have a material impact on the Group's business, based on current operations.

#### **NOTE 4: REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME**

NOTE 4: NEVEROLAND OTHER INCOME			
	Consoli	Consolidated	
	2019	2018	
	\$	\$	
Finance income			
Interest income	1,223	3,655	
Total finance income	1,223	3,655	
	Consoli	dated	
	2019	2018	
Other income	\$	\$	
Reversal of withholding tax penalty (1)	175,359	-	
Total other income	175,359	-	

<sup>(1)</sup> On 31 January 2019, The Company received formal confirmation from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO) that they had withdrawn a penalty of \$175,359 in respect of an unfranked dividend in specie distribution paid by the Company to shareholders where no tax file number was quoted by certain shareholders. The ATO concluded they are satisfied the Company took reasonable care and therefore remitted the penalty to nil.

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# NOTE 5: SIGNIFICANT PROFIT / (LOSS) ITEMS

	Consolidated	
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Profit / loss before income tax is determined after crediting (charging) the following items:		
Share based payments – Directors and consultants	-	(182,762)
Share based payments – Transaction costs	-	(225,000)
Transaction costs	-	(240,801)
Withholding tax penalty	175,359	(173,056)
Total	175,359	(821,619)

NOTE 6: EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE	Consolidated	
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Basic and diluted (loss) per share – cents – continuing operations	(0.03)	(0.27)
(Loss) used in the calculation of basic and diluted loss per share – continuing operations	(174,376)	(1,356,051)
Basic and diluted earnings per share – cents – discontinued operations	-	-
Profit used in the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share – discontinued operations	22,665	7,911
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year used in calculation of basic and diluted loss per share – continued and discontinued operations	533,235,029	506,792,099

Options outstanding during the year have not been taken into account in the calculation of the weighted average number of ordinary shares as they are considered anti-dilutive.

# **NOTE 7: INCOME TAX**

	Consolidated	
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
(Loss) / profit before tax	(151,711)	(1,348,140)
Tax at the statutory rate of 27.5% (2017: 30%):	(41,721)	(370,739)
Add: Permanent non-deductible differences	(39,545)	237,593
Current year temporary differences not recognised	(18,221)	-
Effect of tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred tax assets	99,487	(266,254)
Income tax benefit recognised in profit or loss	-	-

Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

	Conso	Consolidated		
	2019	2018		
	\$	\$		
Tax losses	2,538,968	2,437,892		

The tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation and have been disclosed on a tax effected basis.

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these items because, pending commercial operations, it is not yet probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the Group can utilise these benefits.

# **Tax Consolidation**

Eneabba Gas Limited and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have formed an income tax consolidated group under the Tax Consolidation Regime. Each entity in the group recognises its own current and deferred tax liabilities, except for any deferred tax liabilities resulting from unused tax losses and tax credits, which are immediately assumed by the parent entity. The current tax liability of each group entity is then subsequently assumed by the parent entity.

# **NOTE 8: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

	Company	Consolidated
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Reconciliation to Statement of Financial Position		
Cash at bank	234,744	174,222
Total cash and cash equivalents (1)	234,744	174,222

<sup>(1)</sup> Cash at bank is subject to floating interest rates at an effective interest rate of 1.49% (2018: 1.36%).

# **NOTE 9: TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

	Company	Consolidated
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Current		
Other receivables (1)	8,162	18,046
Total trade and other receivables (net of GST)	8,162	18,046

Other receivables are non-trade receivables, are non-interest bearing and have an average term of 3 months.

# **NOTE 10: CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE**

	Consolidated	
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Opening balance:	320,000	320,000
Asset disposed (1)	(320,000)	-
Transfer from property, plant & equipment	-	-
Total current assets held for sale	-	320,000

<sup>(1)</sup> On 24 September 2018, the Company announced that it had completed the sale of its Dongara Freehold land in the Shire of Irwin. The sale price for the property was \$425,000. Net proceeds to Eneabba were subject to an 18% fee payable to the lessee Giovi Group for early termination of their lease covering the property. Allowing for estate agent fees, Giovi Group lease termination and settlement agent fees, Eneabba received approximately \$325,000.

# **NOTE 11: CONTINGENT ASSETS & LIABILITIES**

The Directors are not aware of any contingent assets or liabilities that may arise from the Group's operations as at 30 June 2019.

# **NOTE 12: TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES**

	Company	Consolidated
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Trade payables (1)	28,945	297,912
Accruals	15,000	-
	43,945	297,912

<sup>(1)</sup> Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms

# **NOTE 13: ISSUED CAPITAL & RESERVES**

CONSOLIDATED 2019	No.	\$
(a) Issued and Paid Up Capital		
Fully paid ordinary shares	578,450,784	12,248,440
(b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue		
Balance as at 1 July 2018	524,132,187	12,108,760
Issue of shares	54,318,597	162,956
Issue costs	-	(23,276)
Balance as at 30 June 2019	578,450,784	12,248,440
(c) Option Reserve		
Balance as at 1 July 2018	60,000,000	327,535
Share based payment	-	-
Expiry of options	(18,000,000)	(130,625)
Balance as at 30 June 2019	42,000,000	196,910
CONSOLIDATED 2018	No.	\$
001100EIDA1ED 2010	140.	Ψ
(a) Issued and Paid Un Canital		
(a) Issued and Paid Up Capital Fully paid ordinary shares	524,132,187	12,108,760
	524,132,187	12,108,760
Fully paid ordinary shares	<b>524,132,187</b> 501,632,187	<b>12,108,760</b> 11,886,845
Fully paid ordinary shares  (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue		
Fully paid ordinary shares  (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue  Balance as at 1 July 2017	501,632,187	11,886,845
Fully paid ordinary shares  (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue Balance as at 1 July 2017 Issue of shares	501,632,187	11,886,845 225,000
Fully paid ordinary shares  (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue Balance as at 1 July 2017 Issue of shares Issue costs	501,632,187 22,500,000	11,886,845 225,000 (3,085)
Fully paid ordinary shares  (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue Balance as at 1 July 2017 Issue of shares Issue costs Balance as at 30 June 2018	501,632,187 22,500,000	11,886,845 225,000 (3,085)
Fully paid ordinary shares  (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue Balance as at 1 July 2017 Issue of shares Issue costs Balance as at 30 June 2018  (c) Option Reserve	501,632,187 22,500,000 - 524,132,187	11,886,845 225,000 (3,085) <b>12,108,760</b>
Fully paid ordinary shares  (b) Movements in fully paid shares on issue Balance as at 1 July 2017 Issue of shares Issue costs Balance as at 30 June 2018  (c) Option Reserve Balance as at 1 July 2017	501,632,187 22,500,000 - 524,132,187	11,886,845 225,000 (3,085) <b>12,108,760</b>

As at the year end the Company had a total of 42,000,000 unissued ordinary shares on which options are outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of 1.30 cents (2018: 60,000,000 unissued ordinary shares on which options are outstanding with a weighted average exercise price of 2.30 cents). The remaining contractual life of all share options outstanding at the end of the year is 1.47 years (2018: 1.84 years). No options were exercised during the current year. 18,000,000 options expired on 16 November 2018 and the remaining 42,000,000 options are due to expire on 18 December 2020.

# Nature and purpose of reserves

# Option reserve

The option reserve is used to recognise the fair value of all options on issue but not yet exercised.

No options were issued during the year ended 30 June 2019 (2018: 42,000,000).

2019								
Granted	Terms & Conditions							
		Fair Value	Exercise				Ve	sted
#	Grant Date	at Grant Date	Price per Option	Expiry Date	First Exercise Date	Last Exercise Date	Yes/ No	%
42,000,000*	19-Dec-17	\$0.00	\$0.013	18-Dec-20	19-Dec-17	18-Dec-20	Yes	100%

2018								
Granted		Terms & Conditions						
		Fair Value				Ve	sted	
#	Grant Date	at Grant Date	Price per Option	Expiry Date First Exercise Date	Last Exercise Date	Yes/ No	%	
42,000,000*	19-Dec-17	\$0.00	\$0.01	18-Dec-20	19-Dec-17	18-Dec-20	Yes	100%
7,000,000	10-Nov-15	\$0.01	\$0.05	16-Nov-18	10-Nov-15	16-Nov-18	Yes	100%
2,000,000	10-Nov-15	\$0.01	\$0.05	16-Nov-18	Milestone	16-Nov-18	No	42%
7,000,000	10-Nov-15	\$0.01	\$0.07	16-Nov-18	16-Sep-16	16-Nov-18	Yes	100%
2,000,000	10-Nov-15	\$0.01	\$0.07	16-Nov-18	Milestone	16-Nov-18	No	42%

<sup>\*22,000,000</sup> options were issued to Directors

There are no voting rights attached, the options are not transferable, and they may be exercised at any time until 18 December 2020, if they have vested successfully and are not subject to an escrow period.

# **NOTE 14: OPERATING CASH FLOW INFORMATION**

	Consolidated	
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Reconciliation of Loss for the Year to Net Cash Flows (used in) Operations		
Profit (Loss) for the year	(151,711)	(1,348,140)
Adjustments for:		
Share based payments	-	182,762
Transaction costs	-	225,000
Profit on sale of land	(14,681)	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) / decrease in trade and other receivables	9,884	3,579
(Increase) / decrease in prepayments	(3,364)	137
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	(244,209)	241,174
Net cash flows (used in) operations	(404,081)	(702,646)

#### **NOTE 15: RELATED PARTY INFORMATION**

# a) Parent and ultimate controlling party

The parent entity and ultimate controlling party is Eneabba Gas Limited. The consolidated financial statements comprise the assets and liabilities of Eneabba Gas at 30 June 2019 and the results of the subsidiaries up to the date they were deregistered being 30 May 2019.

	Country of	% Equity Interest	% Equity Interest
Name	Incorporation	2019	2018
Eneabba Energy Pty Ltd (1)	Australia	n/a	100%
Eneabba Mining Pty Ltd (1)	Australia	n/a	100%

<sup>(1)</sup> Deregistered 30 May 2019.

# b) Key Management Personnel compensation

Information on remuneration of all Directors and Key Management Personnel is contained in the Remuneration Report within the Directors' Report. Please refer to the Directors' Report for Key Management Personnel remuneration information.

The aggregated compensation paid to Directors and Key Management Personnel of the Group is as follows:

Consolidated		
2019	2018	
\$	\$	
116,496	187,732	
3,470	-	
	103,144	
119,966	290,876	
	<b>2019</b> \$ 116,496 3,470	

# c) Loans to and from related parties

#### Terms and Conditions of loans

Loans between entities in the wholly owned Group were not interest bearing, unsecured and are payable upon reasonable notice having regard to the financial stability of the Company.

# d) Other related party transactions

Transactions with other related parties are made on normal commercial terms and conditions and at market rates. Outstanding balances are unsecured and are repayable in cash.

Laurus Corporate Services, a company of which Mr Gabriel Chiappini is a Director, provided company secretarial services during the year. A mandate between Eneabba Gas Limited and Laurus Corporate Services was agreed for a fee for \$2,000, plus GST, per month, commencing on 22 September 2016.

A summary of the total fees paid and payable to related parties for the year ended 30 June 2019 is as follows:

	Consolidated	
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Company Secretarial services	24,000	20,200
Accounting and Book keeping services	-	29,500
Total	24,000	49,700

A summary of amounts payable to related parties at 30 June 2019 is as follows:

	Company 2019 \$	Consolidated 2018 \$
Pathways Corporate Pty Ltd <sup>1</sup>	3,333	3,333
Laurus Corporate Service Pty Ltd <sup>2</sup>	5,333	5,333
Barnaby Egerton- Warburton	3,333	28,064
Total	11,999	36,730

Note 1: David Wheeler is a shareholder and Director of Pathways Corporate Pty Ltd

Note 2: Gabriel Chiappini is a shareholder and Director of Laurus Corporate Services Pty Ltd

# **NOTE 16: SHARE BASED PAYMENTS**

#### **Share-based payment transactions**

The Group has an ownership-based compensation scheme for executives and senior employees. In accordance with the terms of the plan, as approved by shareholders at a previous annual general meeting, executives and senior employees may be granted options to purchase ordinary shares.

Each employee share option converts into one ordinary share of Eneabba Gas Limited on exercise. No amounts are paid or payable by the recipient on receipt of the option. The options carry neither rights to dividends nor voting rights. Options may be exercised at any time from the date of vesting to the date of their expiry.

The number of options granted is calculated in accordance with the performance-based formula approved by shareholders at a previous annual general meeting and is subject to approval by the remuneration committee. The formula rewards executives and senior employees to the extent of the consolidated entity's and the individual's achievement judged against both qualitative and quantitative criteria from the following financial and customer service measures:

- Improvement in share price
- Improvement in net profit
- · Improvement in return to shareholders
- Reduction in warranty claims
- Results of client satisfaction surveys
- Reduction in rate of staff turnover

# **Director and Employee Options**

No options were granted or issued during the June 2019 financial year (2018: 22,000,000).

# Consultant Options

No options were granted or issued during the June 2019 financial year (2018: 20,000,000).

Reconciliation of options on issued over the financial period:

				Issued during the year	Exercised during the year	Forfeited during the year		Vested and exercisable at 30 June 2019
Exercise price	Expiry	Vesting conditions	1-Jul-18				30-Jun-19	
\$0.05	16-Nov-18	On issue	7,000,000	-	-	(7,000,000)	-	_
\$0.05	16-Nov-18	Various milestones	2,000,000	-	-	(2,000,000)	-	
\$0.07	16-Nov-18	On issue	7,000,000	-	-	(7,000,000)	-	
\$0.07	16-Nov-18	Various milestones	2,000,000	-	-	(2,000,000)	-	
\$0.013	18-Dec-20	On issue	42,000,000	-	-	-	42,000,000	Yes
Total			60,000,000	=	-	(18,000,000)	(42,000,000)	

#### **NOTE 17: AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

	Consolidated	
	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Amounts payable to auditor of the Group		
Audit and review services - payable to HLB Mann Judd	28,050	41,500
Non-audit services	-	-
	28,050	41,500

#### **NOTE 18: FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks that include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group.

Risk management is carried out by the Managing Director under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as mitigating foreign exchange and interest rate and credit risks.

# a) Market Risk

# Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is not directly exposed to any foreign currency risk.

#### Price risk

The Company is not directly exposed to any price risk.

# b) Credit Risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk.

# c) Liquidity Risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows and ensuring that adequate working capital is maintained for the coming months. Upcoming capital needs and the timing of raisings are assessed by the Board at each meeting of Directors.

The maturity of the Group's payables is disclosed in Note 12.

# d) Cash flow and Interest Rate Risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk, which is the risk that a financial instrument's value will fluctuate as a result in changes in market interest rates and the effective weighted average interest rates on classes of financial assets is

disclosed in Note 8. Only cash is affected by interest rate risk as cash is the Group's only financial asset exposed to fluctuating interest rates.

In accordance with AASB 7 the following sensitivity analysis has been performed for the Company's interest rate risk:

# 30 June 2019:

		Effect On:	Effect On:
Consolidated		Profit/Loss	Equity
Risk Variable	Sensitivity*	\$	\$
Interest Rate	+ 1.00%	12	12
	- 1.00%	(12)	(12)

<sup>\*</sup> It is considered that 100 basis points is a 'reasonably possible' estimate of potential variations in the interest rate.

# 30 June 2018:

Consolidated		Effect On: Profit/Loss	Effect On: Equity
Risk Variable	Sensitivity*	\$	\$
Interest Rate	+ 1.00%	37	37
	- 1.00%	(37)	(37)

<sup>\*</sup> It is considered that 100 basis points is a 'reasonably possible' estimate of potential variations in the interest rate.

# Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Group's capital includes ordinary share capital and convertible performance shares, supported by financial assets.

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. Neither the Company nor the Group are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

# e) Fair value

The fair values of all financial assets and liabilities of the Group approximate their carrying values.

# **NOTE 19: SEGMENT REPORTING**

# **Segment Reporting**

The Group conducts operations in three operating segments, energy and electricity generation, petroleum exploration and mineral exploration, and one geographic segment, Australia.

	Discontinued Operations	Unallocated	Consolidated
2019	\$	\$	\$
Segment income			
Interest received	-	1,223	1,223
Other income	-	175,359	175,359
Total income	-	176,582	176,582
Segment expenses			
Employee benefits			
expenses	-	(119,221)	(119,221)
Other expenses	-	(231,737)	(231,737)
Profit/(Loss) before income			
tax	22,665	(174,376)	(151,711)

2019 Discontinued operations	Discontinued Operations \$	Unallocated \$	Consolidated \$
Gain on sale of property	14,681	-	14,681
Lease of land	7,984	-	7,984
Segment assets and liabilities Current assets Current liabilities	-	251,302 (43,945)	251,302 (43,945)
Net assets	-	207,358	207,358

	Discontinued Operations	Unallocated	Consolidated
2018	\$	\$	\$
Segment income			
Finance income	-	3,655	3,655
Other income	7,911	-	7,911
Total income	7,911	11,566	11,566
Segment expenses Net other costs Share- based payment Gain/(Loss) before income	- - 7,911	(1,176,944) (182,762) (1,356,051)	(1,176,944) (182,762) (1,348,140)
Segment assets and liabilities Current assets Current liabilities Net assets	320,000 - 320,000	197,300 (297,912) (100,612)	517,300 (297,912) 219,388

# **NOTE 20: PARENT ENTITY DISCLOSURES**

As at 30 June 2019, and throughout the year then ended, the parent company of the Group was Eneabba Gas Limited. All subsidiaries were deconsolidated on 30 May 2019.

·	Company 2019 \$	Company 2018 \$
Result of the parent entity	•	•
Gain (Loss) for the year	(151,711)	1,028,140
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss) for the year	(151,711)	1,028,140
Financial position of the parent entity at year end		
Current assets	251,302	499,253
Total assets	251,302	499,253
Current liabilities	43,945	279,865
Total liabilities	43,945	279,865
Net Assets	207,357	219,388
Total equity of the parent entity comprising of:		
Share capital	12,248,440	12,108,760
Option reserve	196,910	327,535
Accumulated losses	(12,237,993)	(12,216,907)

Total equity 207,357 219,388

# **Parent Entity Contingencies**

The Directors are not aware of any contingent liabilities that may arise from the Company's operations as at 30 June 2019.

# **NOTE 21: DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS**

On 24 September 2018, Group announced that it had completed the sale of land disposing of its Dongara Freehold land in the Shire of Irwin. The property was owned by Eneabba Energy Pty Ltd, a 100% owned subsidiary of Eneabba Gas Ltd.

The sale price for the property was \$425,000. Net proceeds to Eneabba were subject to an 18% fee payable to the lessee Giovi Group for early termination of their lease covering the property. Allowing for estate agent fees, Giovi Group lease termination and settlement agent fees, Eneabba received approximately \$325,000.

On the 30 May 2019 Eneabba Energy Pty Ltd and Eneabba Mining Pty Ltd were deregistered.

Items of profit or loss relating to the discontinued operation are summarised as follows:

	2019 \$	2018 \$
Proceeds from the sale of land	425,000	-
Transaction costs	(90,319)	-
Carrying value of land	(320,000)	-
Gain from sale of land	14,681	-
Lease of land	7,984	7,911
Gain from discontinued operations before tax	22,665	7,911

Prior to disposal, the land and improvements with a fair value, less costs to sell, of \$320,000 was classified as held for sale.

The carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in these discontinued operations are summarised as follows:

	2019	2018
	\$	\$
Current Assets:		
Current assets held for sale	-	320,000
Assets classified as discontinued operations	-	320,000
Current liabilities:		
Trade and other payables	<u> </u>	
Liabilities classified as discontinued operations		<u>-</u>
	·	

# **NOTE 22: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial period which have significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations, results or state of affairs of the group in future financial periods which have not been disclosed publicly at the date of this report.

# **DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

In the Directors' opinion:

- a) the accompanying financial statements and the Remuneration Report in the Directors' Report are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
  - giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations, changes in equity and cash flows, for the year ended on that date; and
  - ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards, Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- the financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

This declaration is made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the year ended 30 June 2019.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

**FEW** 

Barnaby Egerton-Warburton Managing Director Perth 17 September 2019



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Eneabba Gas Limited

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

# Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Eneabba Gas Limited ("the Company") and its controlled entities ("the Group"), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- a) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 30 June 2019 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

# Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 2 in the financial report, which indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. Other than the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section, we have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

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# HLB Mann Judd (WA Partnership) ABN 22 193 232 714

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Information other than the financial report and auditor's report thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Group's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2019, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

# Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2019.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Eneabba Gas Limited for the year ended 30 June 2019 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

# Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards

HLB Mann Judd //
Chartered Accountants

HLB Mann Juck

Perth, Western Australia 17 September 2019 D I Buckley
Partner

# **ASX ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

Additional information required by the ASX Limited Listing Rules not disclosed elsewhere in this Annual Report is set out below and is shown as at 16 September 2019:

# **SHAREHOLDINGS**

The issue capital of the Company is 578,450,784 ordinary fully paid shares. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share

# **TOP 20 SHAREHOLDERS**

Rank	Shareholder	Shares held	% held
1	CELTIC CAP PTE LTD	37,500,000	6.48%
2	BNP PARIBAS NOM PL	25,603,035	4.43%
3	BXW PL	18,366,228	3.18%
4	HSBC CUSTODY NOM AUST LTD	17,817,167	3.08%
5	KUANG KOO SING + LAI WAH	17,532,487	3.03%
6	GETMEOUTOFHERE PL	16,304,826	2.82%
7	*RIVERVIEW CORP PL	15,715,432	2.72%
8	ST BARNABAS INV PL	15,113,121	2.61%
9	JACOB MURRAY JOHN + S C	14,000,001	2.42%
10	WONG WILLIAM TIEN LEONG	12,500,000	2.16%
11	GOTHA STREET CAP PL	12,450,000	2.15%
12	BATAVIA CAP PL	11,500,000	1.99%
13	PATHWAYS CAP PL	11,118,422	1.92%
14	AVENGER PL	10,000,000	1.73%
15	6466 INV PL	9,583,334	1.66%
16	PATHWAYS CORP INV PL	9,375,000	1.62%
17	GOH THOMAS LIK CHENG	9,000,000	1.56%
18	CELTIC CAP PL	8,771,929	1.52%
19	STRAT PLAN PL	8,010,000	1.38%
20	MONARCH ASSET MGNT PL	8,001,813	1.38%

# SHAREHOLDER DISTRIBUTION

Share Range	No. of Holders
1 – 1,000	30
1,001 - 5,000	13
5,001 – 10,000	31
10,001 – 100,000	224
100,001 and above	312_
	610

# **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS**

Mr Jason Peterson 6.48%

# **UNMARKETABLE PARCELS**

274 holders hold an unmarketable parcel being shares worth less than \$500.